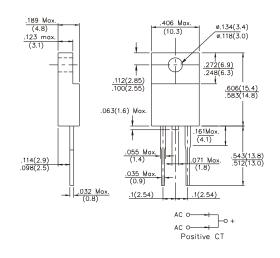
SF1001F thru SF1007F

SUPERFAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER

VOLTAGE - 50 TO 600 VOLTS CURRENT - 10 AMPERES

ITO-220AC





Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

FEATURES

- · Low forward voltage drop
- · High Current Capability
- High reliability
- High surge Current Capability
- $\bullet \ \text{Good for switching mode application}\\$
- High temperature soldering: 260°C/10seconds at terminals
- \bullet Pb free product are available : 99% Sn above can meet RoHS
- environment substance directive request

MECHANICAL DATA

Case: ITO220AC Molded plastic Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant

Lead: Lead solderable per

MIL-STD-202, Method 208 guranteed

Polarity: As Marked Mounting Position: Any Weight: 2.24gram

MAXIMUM RATIXGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load For capacitive load, derate current by 20%

PARAMETER	SF1001F	SF1002F	SF1003F	SF1004F	SF1005F	SF1006F	SF1007F	UNITS
Maximum Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	50	100	150	200	300	400	600	Volts
Maximum RMS Voltage	35	70	105	140	210	320	420	Volts
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	50	100	150	200	300	400	600	Volts
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current .375 $^{\prime\prime}$ (9.5mm) Lead Length at Tc=100 $^{\circ}$ C	10							Amps
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single Half Sine-Wave Superimposed on Rated Load (JEDEC Method)	150							Amps
Maximum Instandeous Forward Voltage at 10A	0.95				1	.3	1.7	Volts
Maximum DC Reverse Current T _A =25°C at Rated DC Blocking Voltage T _A =100°C	10 500							μ Α
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time (Note 1)	35					50	50	
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 2)	50							pF
Operating and Storage Temperature Range TJ,TsTG	-55 to +150							°C

NOTES:

- 1. Reverse Recovery Time test condition $I_F\!=\!0.5A$, $I_R\!=\!1.0A$, $I_{RR}\!=\!0.25A$
- 2. Measured at 1.0MHz and applied reverse Voltage of 4.0V D.C



SF1001F thru SF1007F

SUPERFAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES SF1001F THRU SF1007F

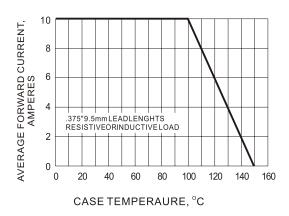


Fig.1- FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

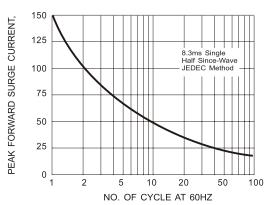


Fig.2- TMAXIMUM NON - REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT

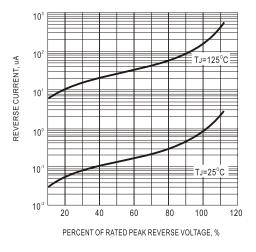


Fig.3- TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTIC

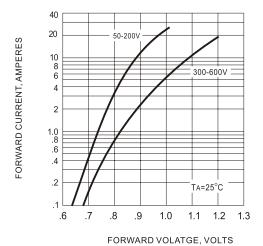


Fig.4- TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHRACTERISTIC

